#### Today

- Ask me questions about PA4
- Ask me questions about the Supplementary Reading 1
  - Conditionals
- Midterm grade will be published after class





#### Question 1

Write the plain English algorithm for a program that draws a ball bouncing against the walls of the canvas.

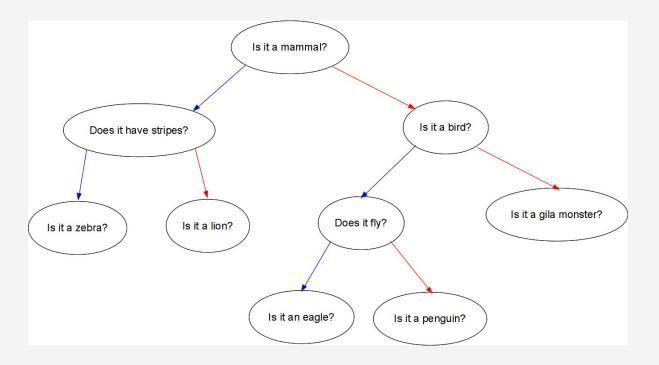
Submit your answer to Gradescope



### CS 101 Conditionals - If statements

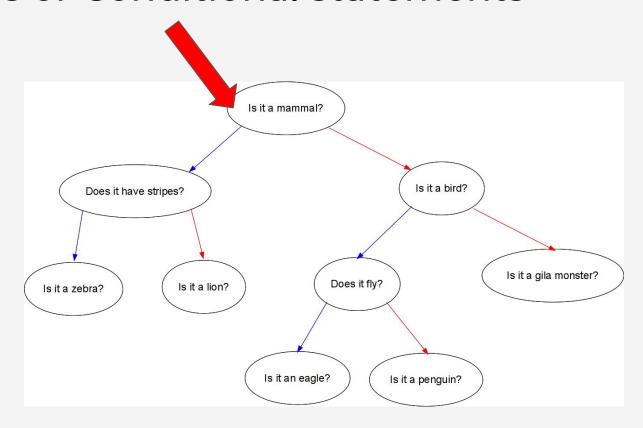
## Example 1 - 20 questions game! - Animal version

Let's say this is an algorithm to play the game



#### **Conditions or Conditional statements**

Let's say this is an algorithm to play the game



#### if statements

 We would like to express the flow of control just as we would in English, i.e.,

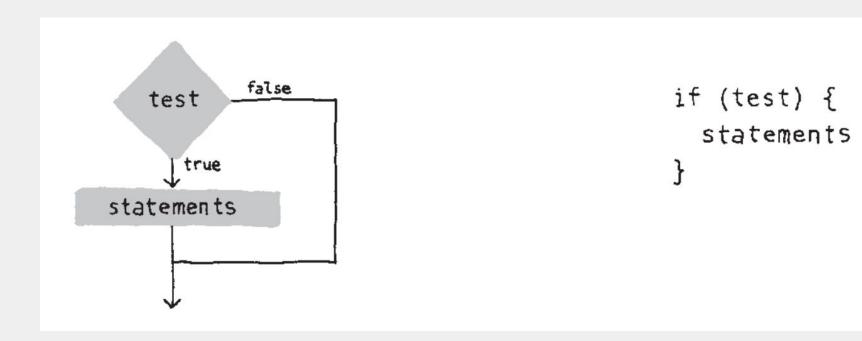
if *it is raining*, then bring an umbrella

- Notice that the condition it is raining is either true or false
- We would like to say,

if **the mouse is pressed**, then execute this code

Notice that the condition the mouse is pressed is either true or false

#### The "Flow" of an if-statement



## Remember the *test condition* in the for-loop?

```
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i += 1) {
   // lines to repeat
}</pre>
```

#### Remember the test in the for-loop?

- You can also use many types of comparisons
  - > greater-than
  - o < less-than</p>
  - o >= greater-than or equal-to
  - <= less-than or equal-to</p>
  - exactly equal-to
  - o != not equal-to

#### If statement Template

if ( ) {

Anything written between curly brackets will be executed only if the condition is true

}

```
test condition
if ( i < 10 ) {
  // lines run one time (if the condition is true)
 // or zero times (if the condition is false)
```

#### Example

```
int i = 3; //change this value to 8 to test
if ( i < 5) {
   println("the value in i is less than 5");
}</pre>
```

#### Nested code - we can nest ifs, fors, etc..

```
if (
  if (
```

#### If statement Template

if ( ) {

Anything written between curly brackets will be executed only if the condition is true

}

#### Question 2.

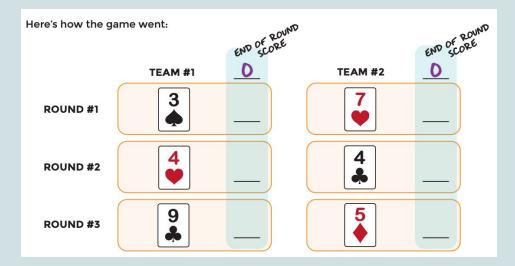


The steps below show each team taking turns to play the Conditionals Game. See if you can figure out what happens for each draw. Write down on Gradescope the score during each round along the way. After three rounds, who is the winner?

If (CARD is lower than 5)
If ( CARD is BLACK)
Award YOUR team the same number of points on the card.

Else
Award OTHER team 1 point.

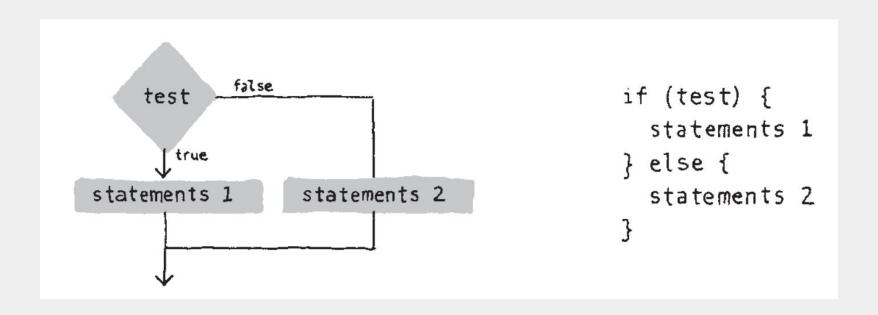
Else
If ( CARD is HEARTS)
Award YOUR team 1 point



#### if-else statement Template

```
if (
         Anything written between these curly brackets will be
          executed only if the condition is true
  else {
         Anything written between these curly brackets will be
         executed only if the condition is false
```

#### if-else



#### Example

```
int i = 3; //change this value to 8 to test
if (i < 5) {
   println("the value in i is less than 5");
} else {
   println("i is not less than 5");
```

#### Exercise - what is the output of this code?

```
int i = 2;
if ( i < 5) {
    i = i + 2;
} else {
    i = 6;
println(i);
```



#### Question 3. - play Processing 20 questions

Two teams per table

1 team think of a processing function

The other team guess which the Processing function by asking 20 questions that can be answered yes or not.

Use nested if and if-else structures to write your plain english algorithm to guess Processing functions

Examples of functions are: size, background, ellipse, circle, fill, etc...

# Let's write the card game in Processing

4. Complete the algorithm shown in question 2 so we could write a Processing program for it.

Think: what information should be stored in variables?

You can use plain English



5. Which variables should we declare



#### Question 6 - Review Code style

- Go to the class website
  - Download square\_example.pde
  - Modify it to use good variable names (if there are any),
     correct indentation and spacing, and comments



#### square\_example.pde

```
void setup() { size(200, 200) ;} void draw() {
background(100, 200, 250);
fill(0, 0, 255);
if (mousePressed) {
if (mouseX > 100) {
fill(255, 0, 0);
if ( mouseButton == RIGHT) {
background(0, 0, 0);
strokeWeight(7);
                     rect(50, 50, 100, 100 );}
```